The Geography of Climate Inequity

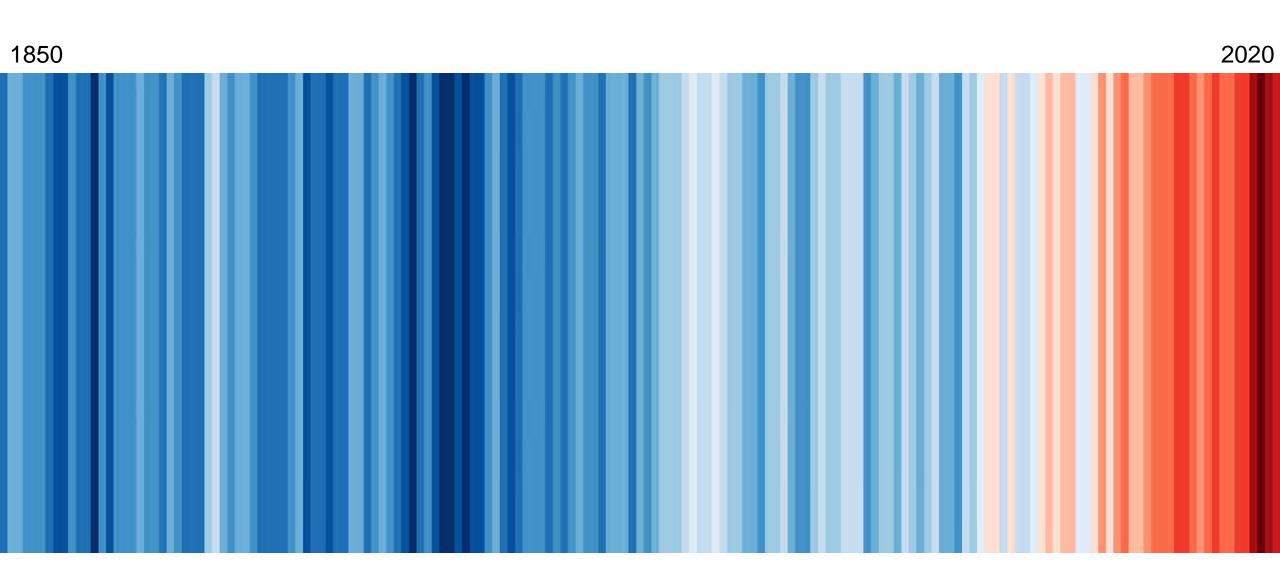
Jeremy S. Hoffman, Ph.D.

Director of Climate Justice and Impact, Groundwork USA Affiliate Faculty, Virginia Commonwealth University/University of Richmond Chapter Lead, Fifth National Climate Assessment, Southeast

With a lot of help from a lot of other amazing people







Climate lab book

The Fifth National Climate Assessment

The Fifth National Climate Assessment is the US Government's preeminent report on climate change impacts, risks, and responses. It is a congressionally mandated interagency effort that provides the scientific foundation to support informed decision-making across the United States.



nca2023.globalchange.gov

Already experiencing & expecting a: hotter, wetter, sneezier and wheezier climate



DEADLIEST WEATHER-RELATED HAZARDS

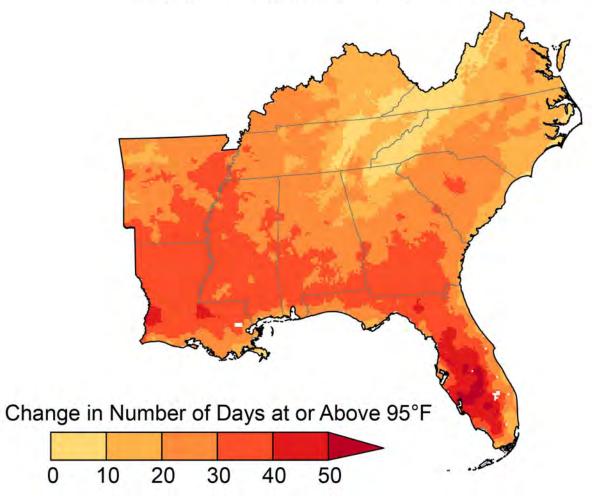
AVERAGE NUMBER OF PEOPLE KILLED PER YEAR (1988-2017)





Inequitable Heat Burden and Future Heat Exposure

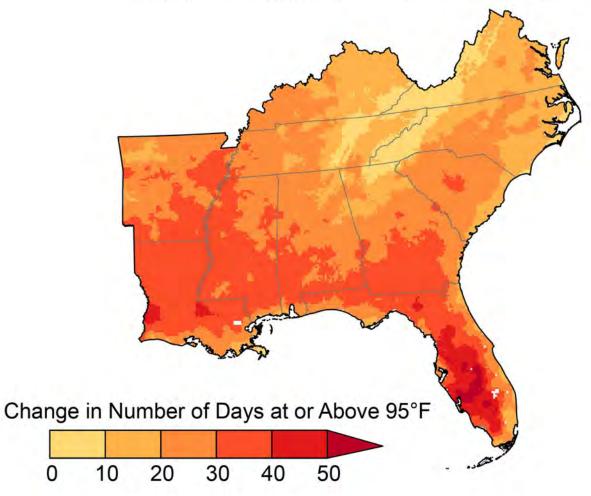
b) Projected change in extreme heat days, 2050 compared to 1991–2020



Inequitable Heat Burden and Future Heat Exposure

Energy-burdened households a) overlap with communities of color 30 10 % Energyburdened 6 households 0 25 40 90 % BIPOC population

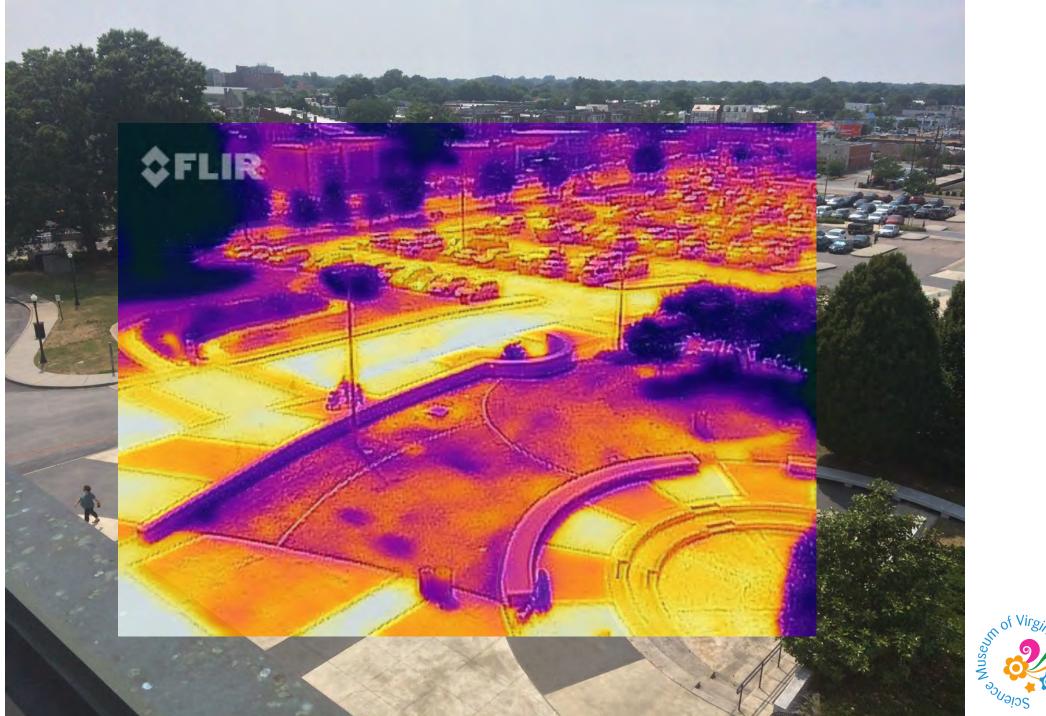
 b) Projected change in extreme heat days, 2050 compared to 1991–2020



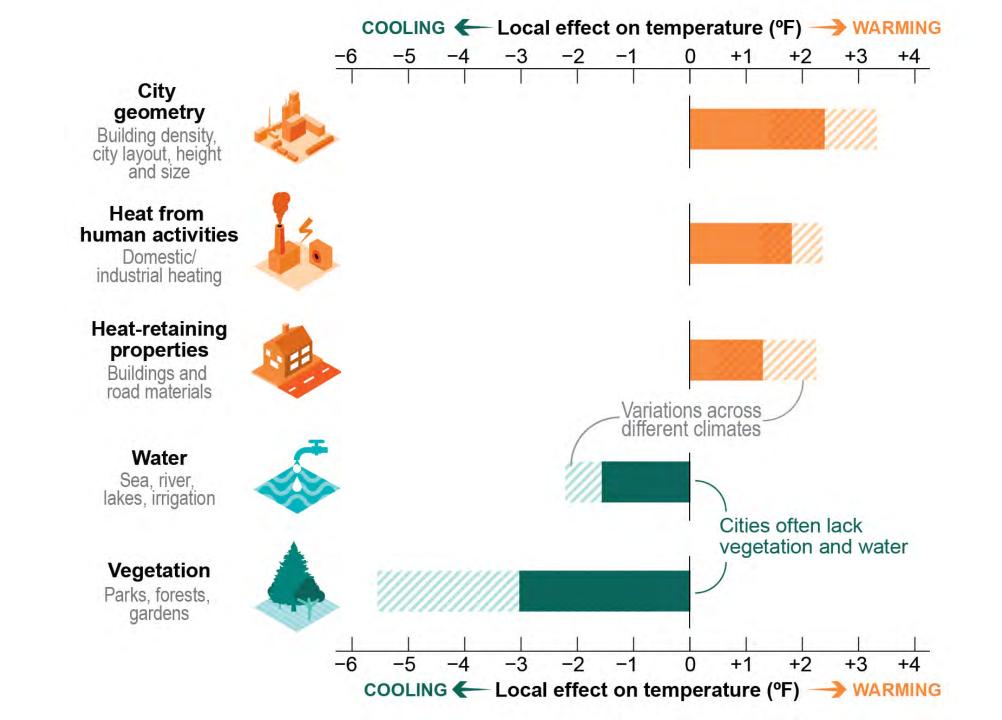
Walter Kale, Chicago Tribune











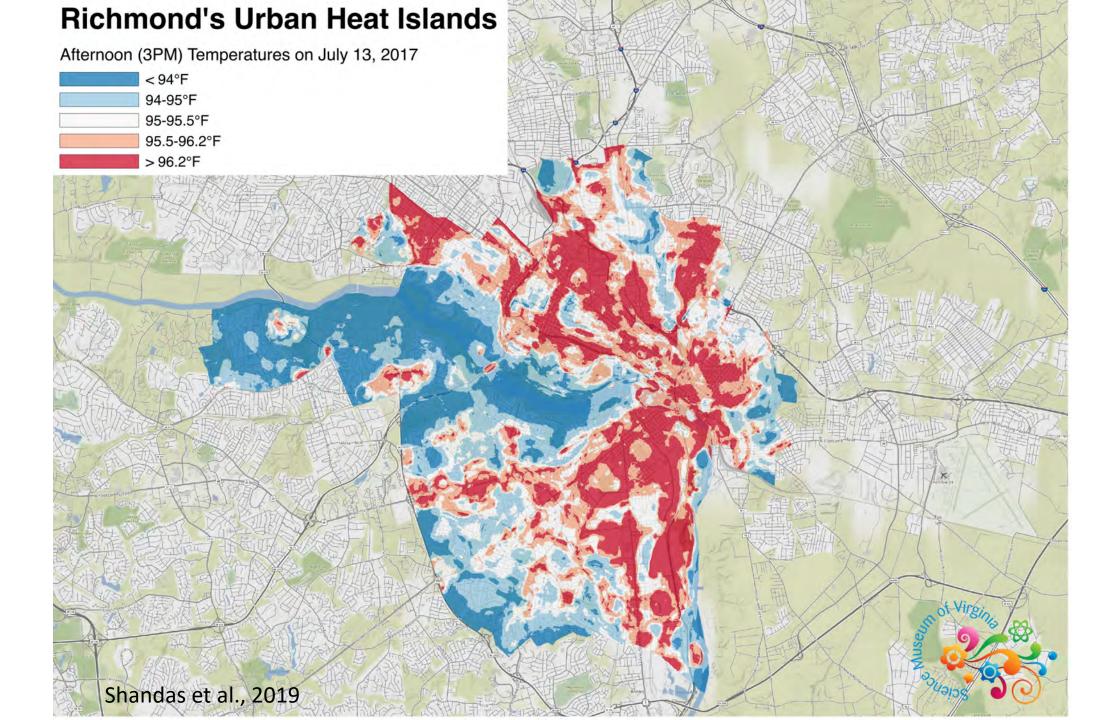


Vivek Shandas, PhD

<u>Shandas et al., 2019:</u> <u>https://www.mdpi.com/2225-</u> <u>1154/7/1/5/htm</u>

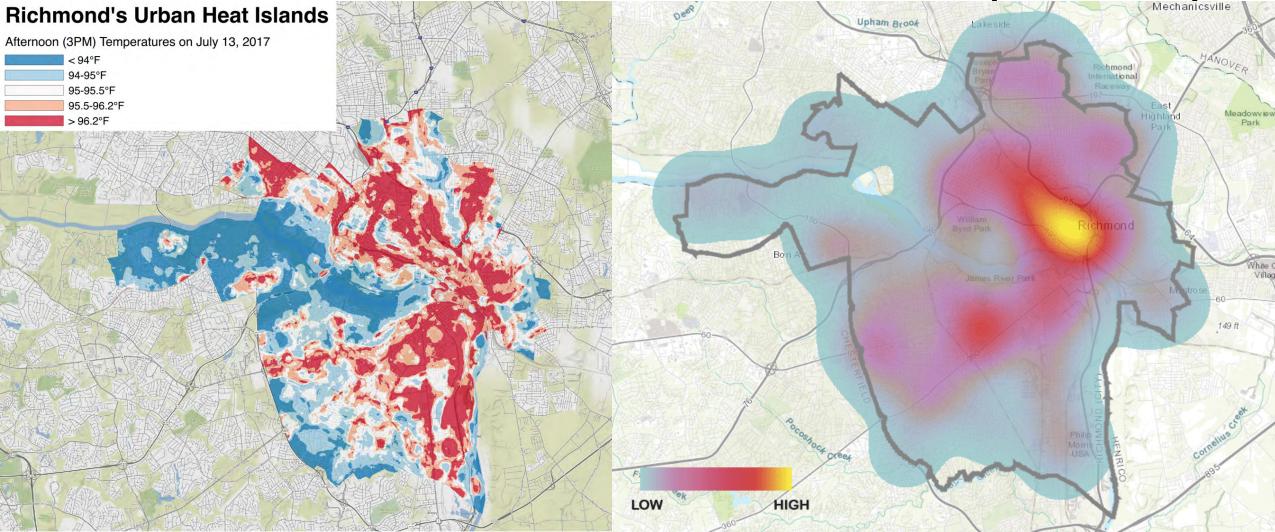






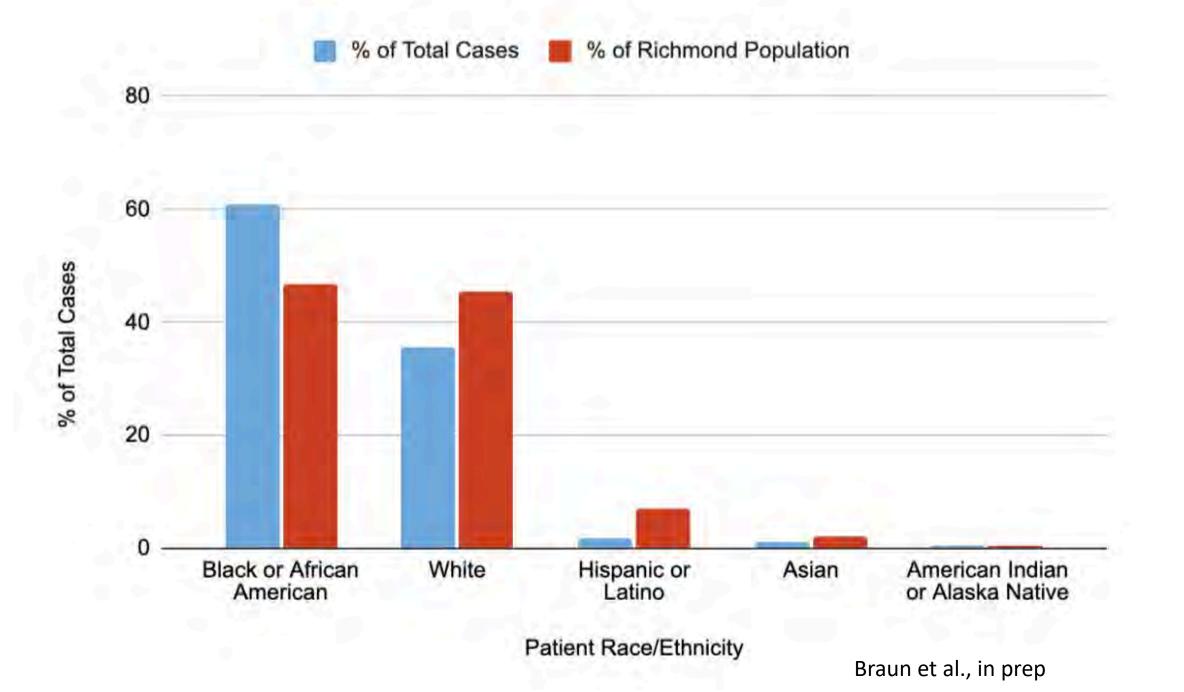
EXTREME HEAT (2017)

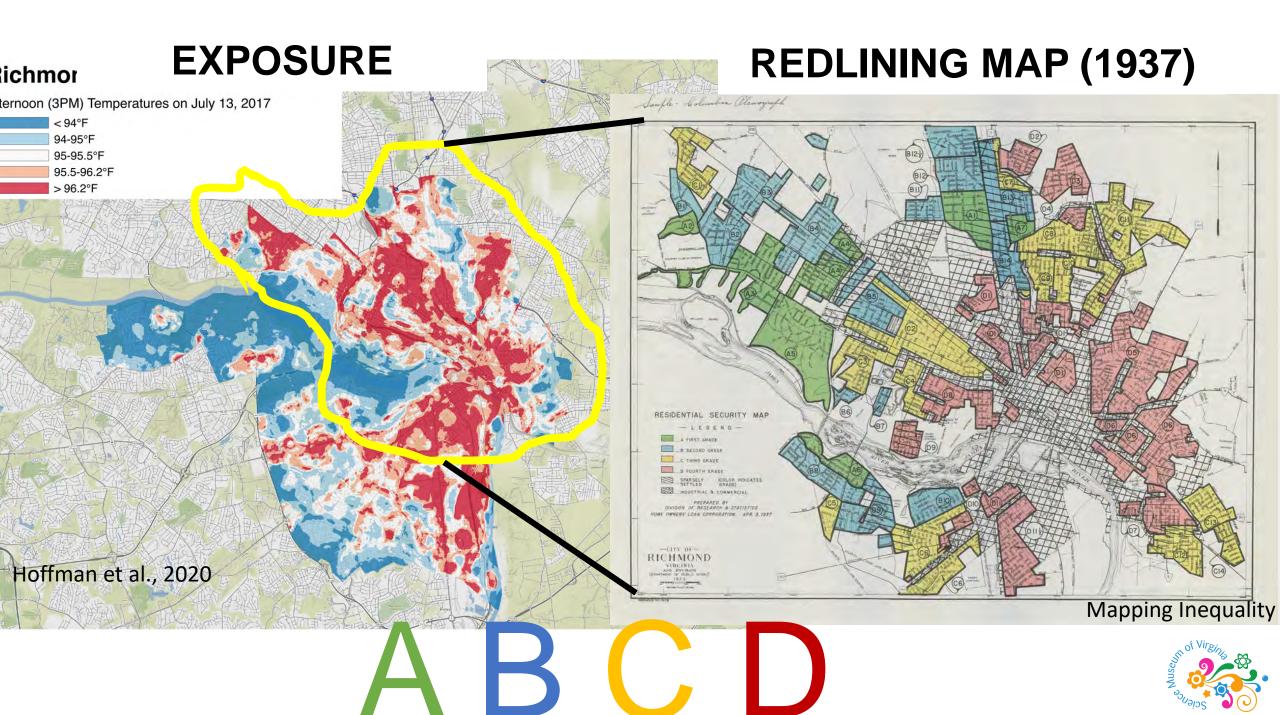
AMBULANCE RESPONSES FOR HEAT ILLNESS (2015-2019)



Shandas et al., 2019

Data: Richmond Ambulance Authority







Regional Science and Urban Economics Volume 86, January 2021, 103622

The long-run effects of the 1930s HOLC "redlining" maps on placebased measures of economic opportunity and socioeconomic success ☆

Daniel Aaronson ^a ⊠, Jacob Faber ^b ⊠, Daniel Hartley ^a $^{\otimes}$ ⊠, Bhashkar Mazumder ^{c, d} ⊠, Patrick Sharkey ^e ⊠



Descriptions of A & B neighborhoods





Descriptions of C & D neighborhoods

MAPPING INEQUALITY REDLINING IN NEW DEAL AMERICA

Explore the Maps

Search the Area Descriptions

Read about Redlining -

Introduction

How and Why the Home Owners' Loan Corporation Made Its Redlining Maps

Hotter, Wetter, Sneezier, & Wheezier: Presentday Environmental Disparity Among HOLC Neighborhoods

Redlining and Health

Further Reading

Hotter, Wetter, Sneezier, & Wheezier

Present-day Environmental Disparity Among HOLC Neighborhoods

J.S. Hoffman

Whether they're walking, biking, bussing, or driving through virtually any city in the United States, people tend to make the same sorts of observations when considering any particular neighborhood's environmental quality: wealthy areas—which tend to have disproportionately monolithic non-Hispanic white populations—are quiet, shaded by mature trees, and defined by large single-family houses occupying larger-than-average tracts of land, while just a few blocks away, poorer neighborhoods—which also happen to be communities of color—have many fewer trees, tend to have more multifamily dwellings, and are choked with traffic (or, are at least more

https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/environment

Stephen DeBerry | TED2018 Why the "wrong side of the tracks" is usually the east side of cities





Like

Recommend

...

4:41

~

The New York Eimes

NORTH SIDE

How Decades of Racist Housing Policy Left Neighborhoods Sweltering

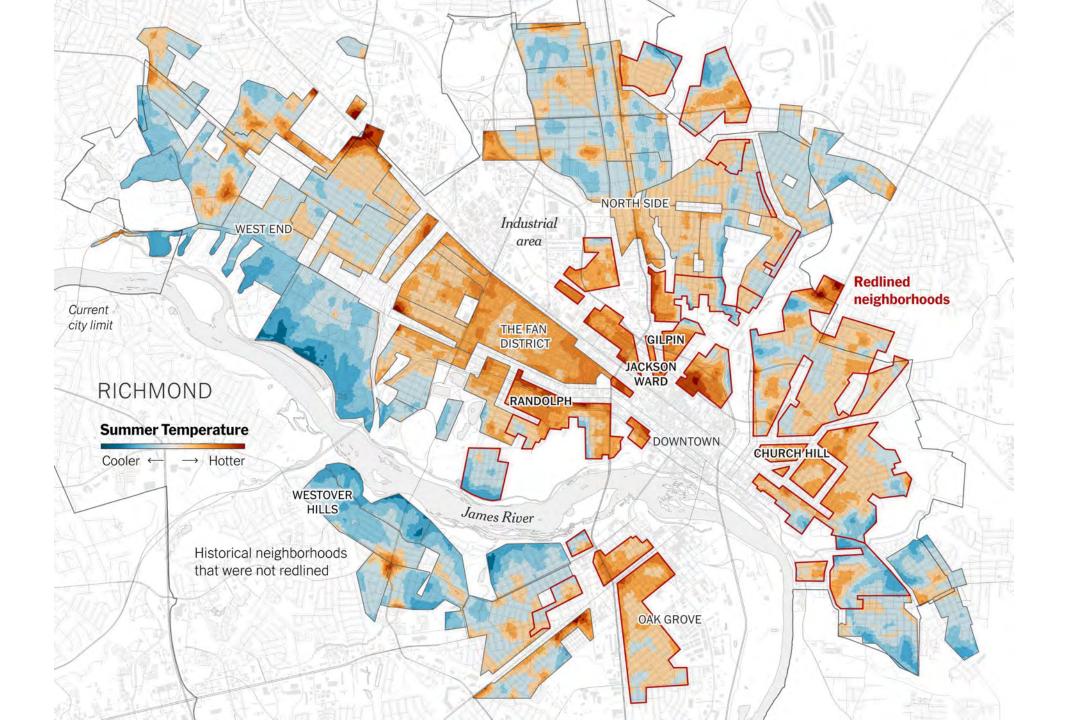
By Brad Plumer and Nadja Popovich Photographs by Brian Palmer Aug. 24, 2020

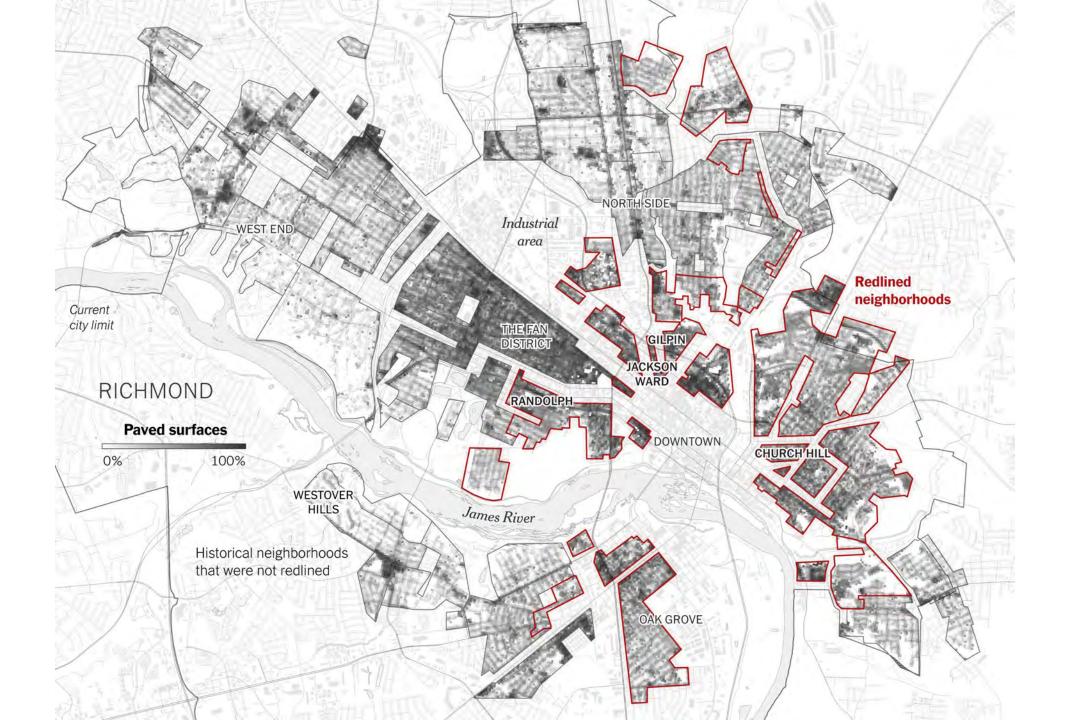
James River

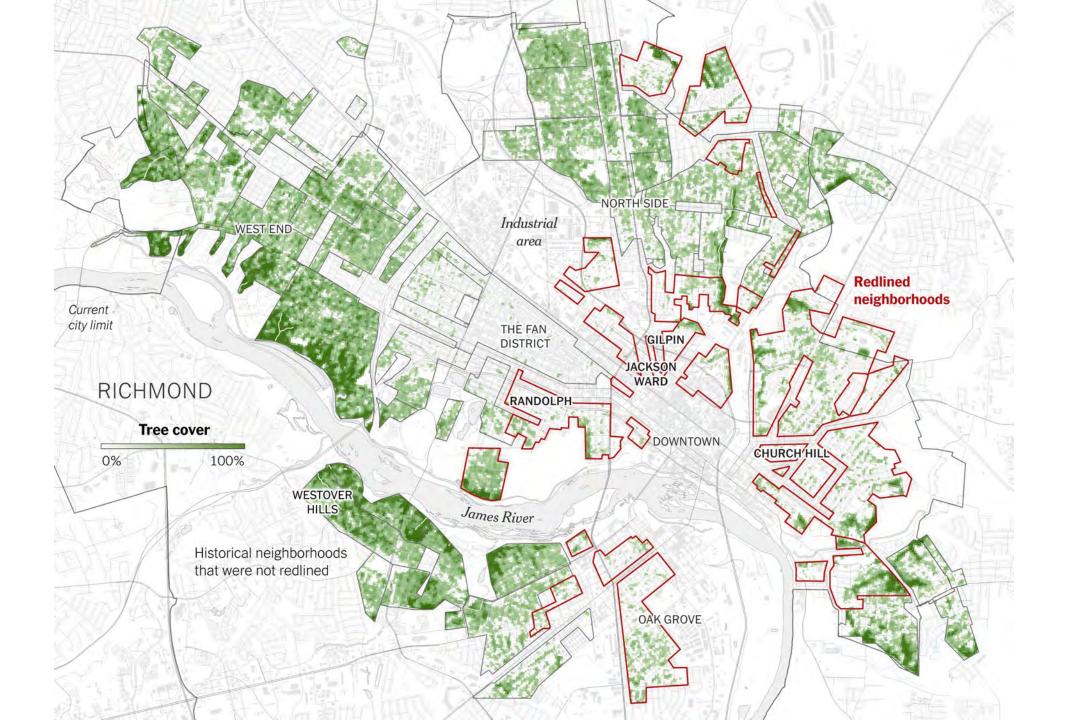
rrent y limit WEST END

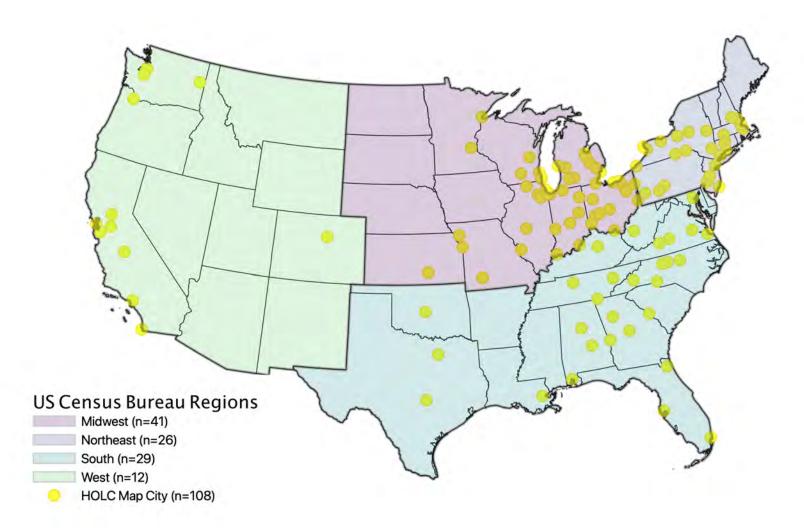
WESTOVE

HILLS





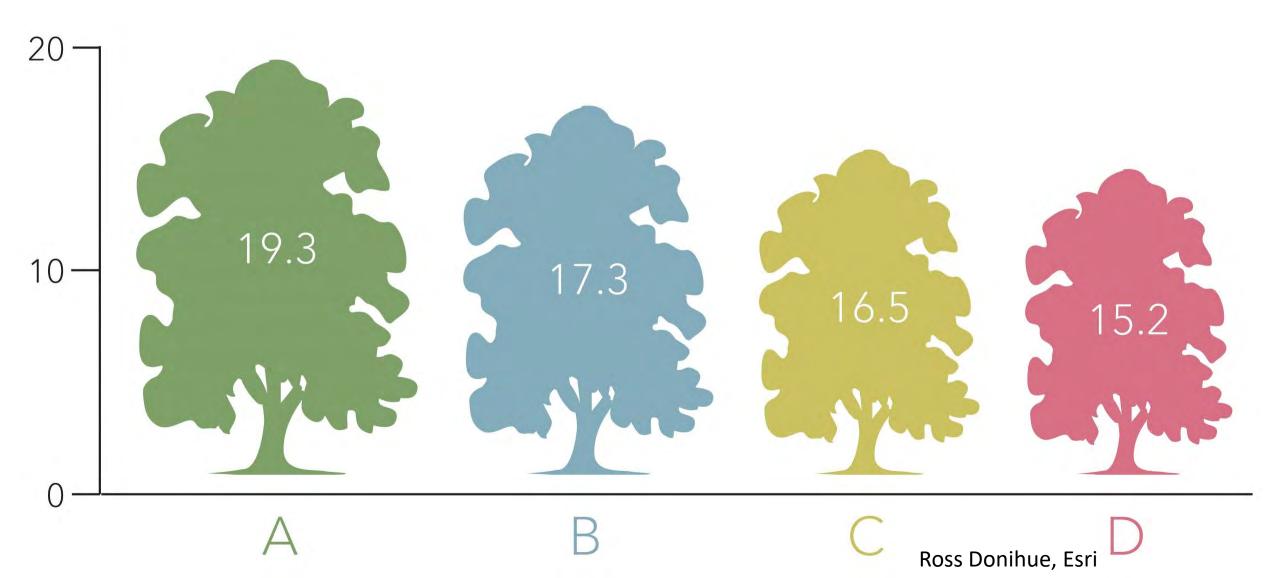




In 94% of the cities studied, this pattern was observed.

Hoffman et al., 2020

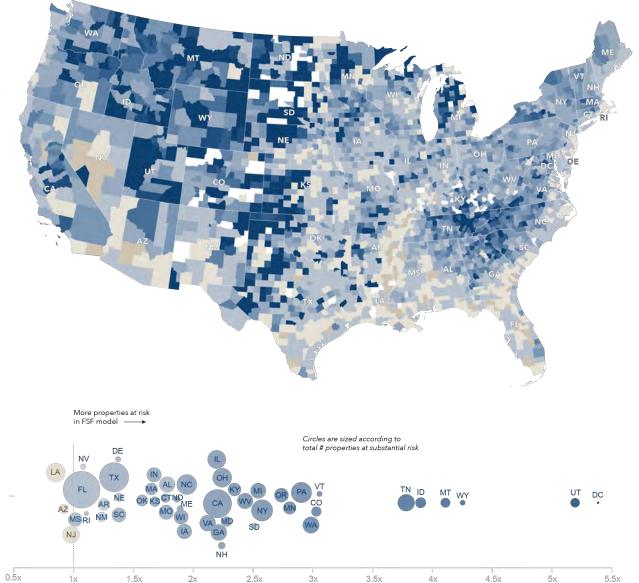
Average Tree Height in Meters by HOLC Grade



Difference in number of properties at substantial flood risk* (FSF) compared to FEMA

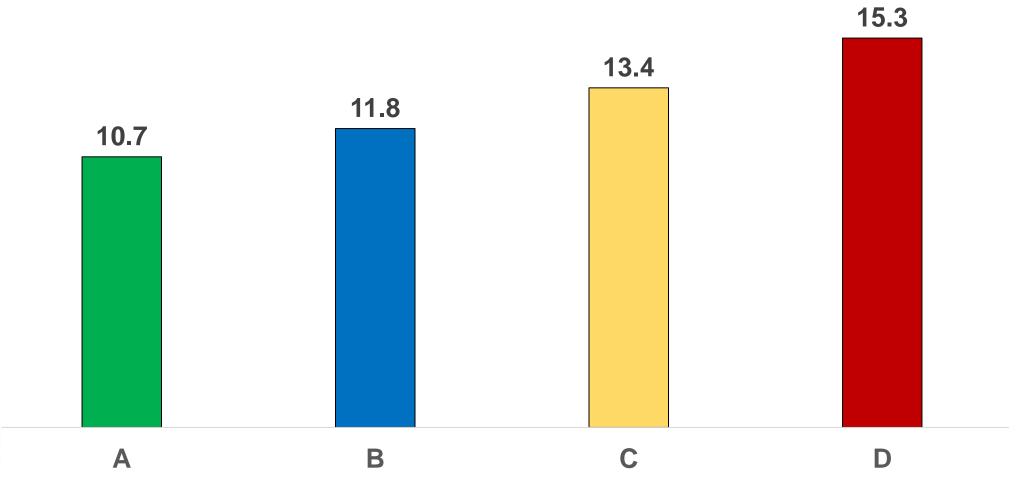








% Parcels with High Flood Risk

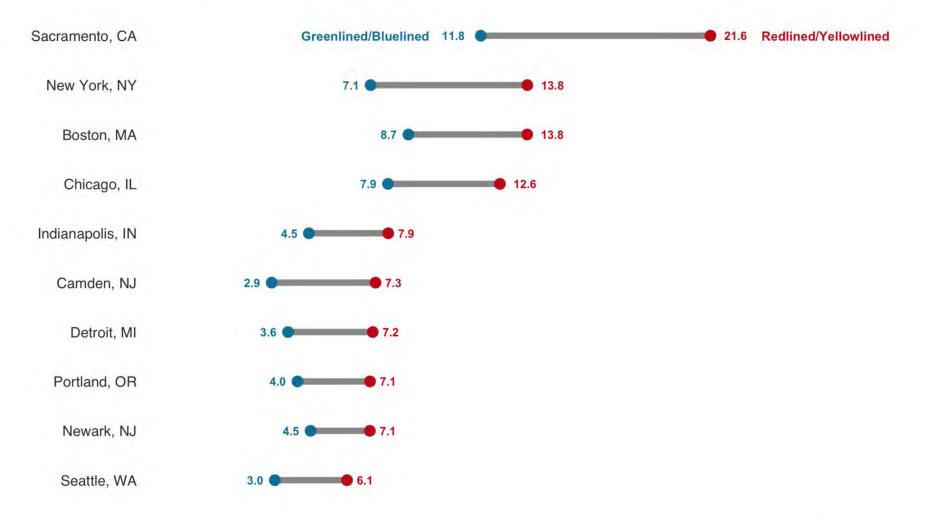


Flood **%** Factor

Data from Jeremy Porter

Higher flood risks in formerly redlined areas

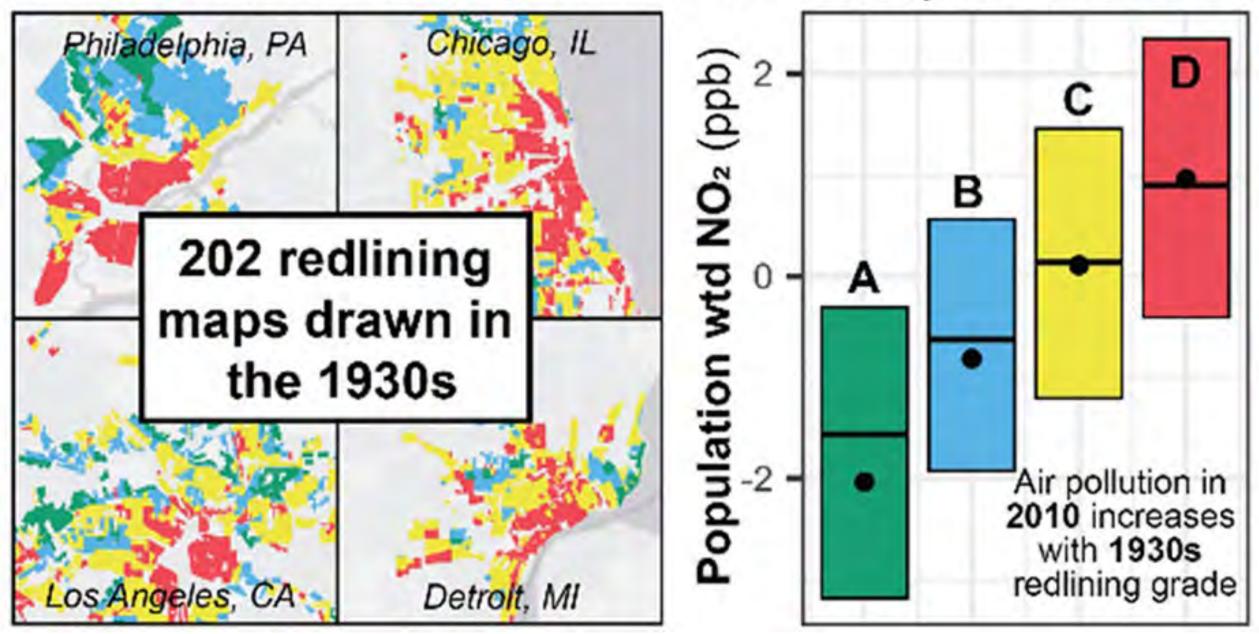
Top 10 Metros with Greater Share of Homes at Risk in Redlined and Yellowlined Areas Percentage of homes, by redlining grade, that face high flood risk; %



Source: Redfin analysis of First Street Foundation flood risk data (FSF) and HOLC redlining maps



Modern air pollution disparities in historically redlined areas





Discriminatory lending

Neighborhood (dis)investment

disparities in home ownership

1930s

Residential segregation and

practices

Social Science & Medicine Volume 294, February 2022, 114696



Place-based disparities:

Disparities in resources,

built environment, and

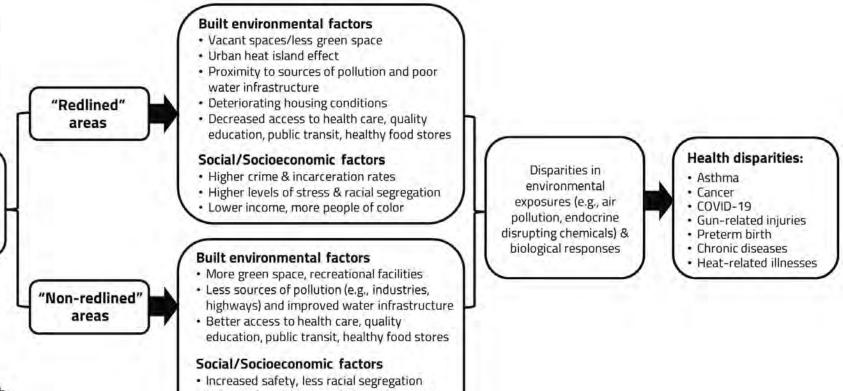
1960s

infrastructure

Racial segregation

Health outcomes in redlined versus nonredlined neighborhoods: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Eun Kyung Lee ¹ 옷 평, Gwendolyn Donley ¹ 평, Timothy H. Ciesielski, India Gill, Owusua Yamoah, Abigail Roche, Roberto Martinez, Darcy A. Freedman



COVID-19 Pandemic

(2019-)

2020

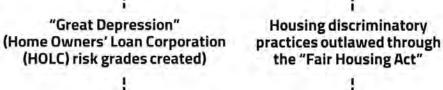
Enhanced social connections, and support
Higher income, fewer people of color

2010

"Great Recession"

2007-2009

2000





Social Science & Medicine Volume 294, February 2022, 114696



Health outcomes in redlined versus nonredlined neighborhoods: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Eun Kyung Lee ¹ 옷 Ø, Gwendolyn Donley ¹ Ø, Timothy H. Ciesielski, India Gill, Owusua Yamoah, Abigail Roche, Roberto Martinez, Darcy A. Freedman

> Disparities in environmental exposures (e.g., air pollution, endocrine disrupting chemicals) & biological responses

Health disparities:

- Asthma
- Cancer
- COVID-19
- Gun-related injuries
- Preterm birth
- Chronic diseases
- Heat-related illnesses

Our neighbors are already experiencing a: hotter, wetter, sneezier and wheezier climate



So what do we do now?

PAS REPORT 600 PRANNING FOR URBANHEAD BANHEAD BANHEAD

Ladd Keith, PHD, and Sara Meerow, PHD



Heat-resilient communities





Climate-Resilient Neighborhood Design



Mitigation and Adaptation Benefits of Natural Infrastructure in Cities

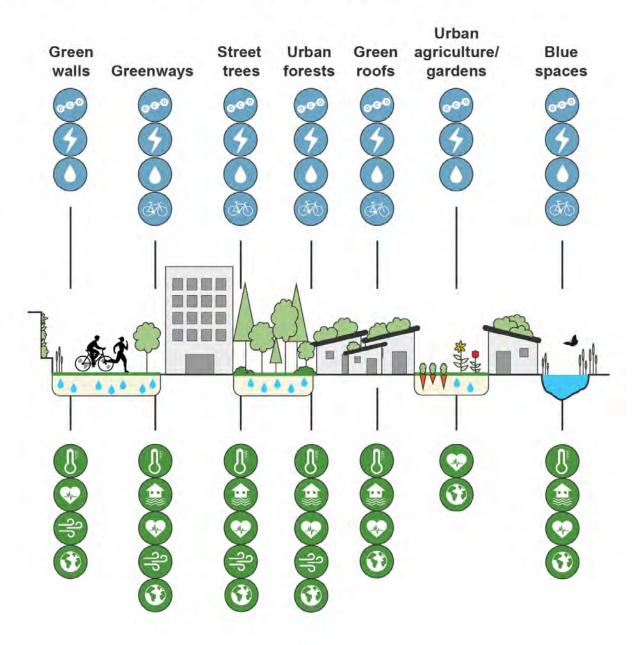
Mitigation benefits



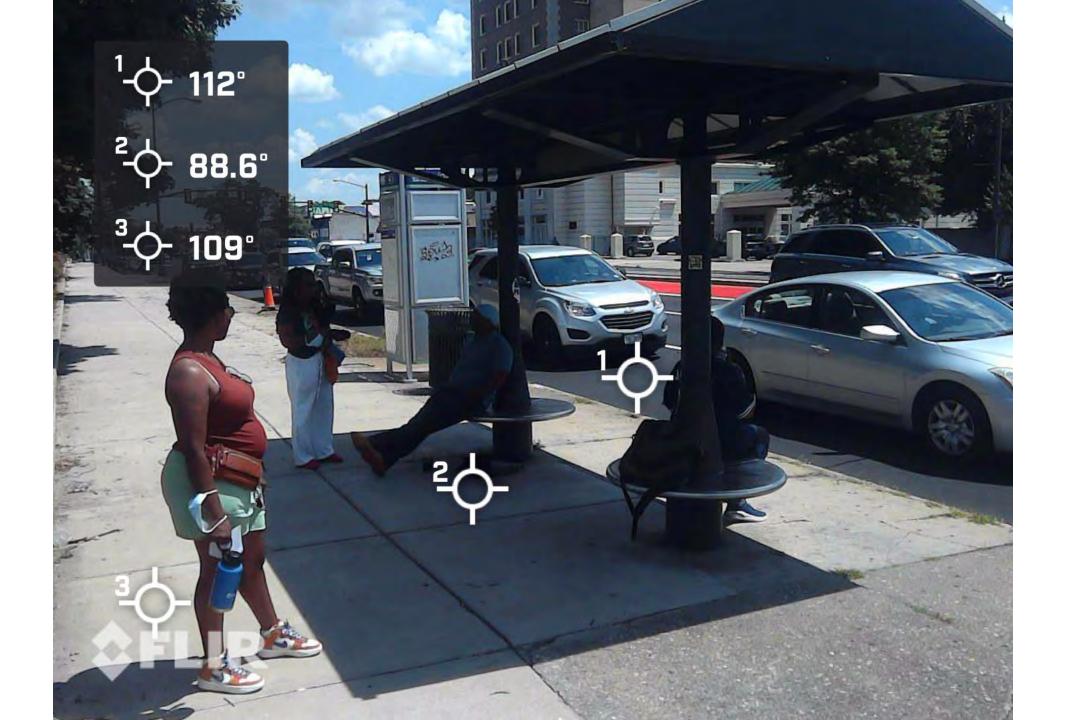
Sequester and store carbon Reduce building energy use Reduce municipal water use Facilitate active mobility

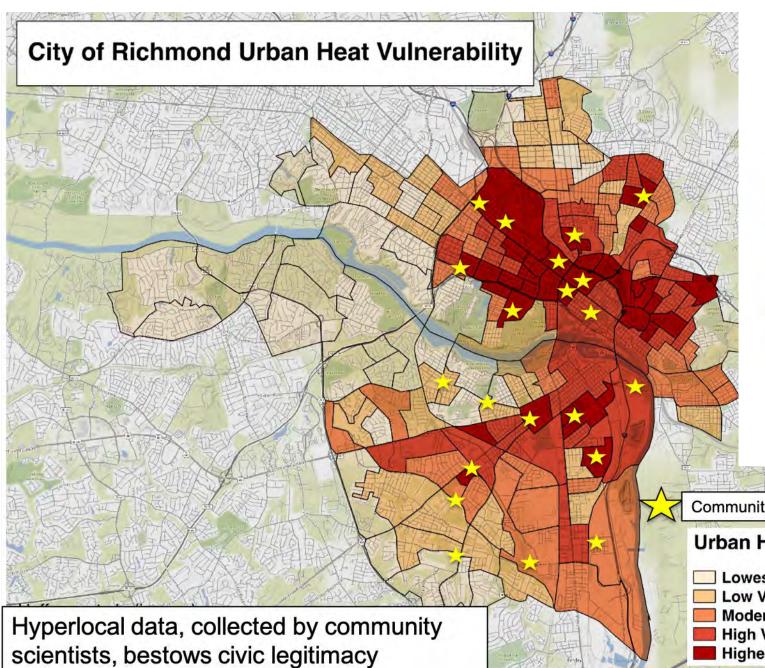
Adaptation co-benefits





NCA5 DELIBERATIVE ONLY







Community-Driven Tree Projects

Urban Heat Vulnerability

Lowest Vulnerability
Low Vulnerability
Moderate Vulnerability
High Vulnerability
Highest Vulnerability

12 ABOUT TOWN

Mayor Stoney announces 5 new green spaces in Richmond's southside



Mayor Levar Stoney (Source: NBC12)



Climate Safe Neighborhoods



UNPACK HISTORY

Understand why our neighborhoods look the way they do- this is no accident.



PRIORITIZE CHANGES

Data informed, resident led changes to built environment



INTERVENE IN SYSTEMS

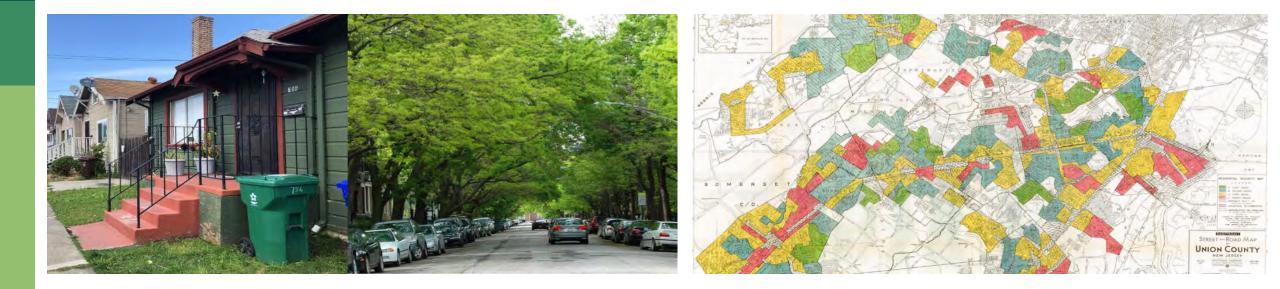
Build the capacity of residents to self advocate for more equitable distribution of resources THREE PRONGED STRATEGY OVER FOUR YEARS



Climate Safe Neighborhoods

Kresge Foundation | The JPB Foundation | RI Department of Health

Developing a community-based approach for addressing the climate safety needs of urban communities disproportionately impacted by extreme heat and increased urban flooding due to the legacy of redlining and housing discrimination.





Climate Safe Neighborhoods

Community-led tree planting at schools and homes





Identified heat islands and places of interest on paper maps



Outreach and installing raised bed gardens and rain barrels at homes









Thanks!

Jeremy@groundworkusa.org @jer_science